

D 103843

(Pages : 2)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

**SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
APRIL 2024**

History

HIS 1 (2) C01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT) I

(2019—2023 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

*Answer can be written in English or Malayalam.
Only one language should be used throughout the answer script.*

Section A (Short Answer Type)

*Answer the questions in two or three sentences.
Each question carries 2 marks.*

1. Siraj-Ud-Daula.
2. Subsidiary System of Alliance.
3. Zamindari System.
4. Sanyasi Revolt.
5. Nana Sahib.
6. Arya Samaj.
7. Aruvippuram Installation.
8. Safety Valve Theory.
9. A.O.Hume.
10. Drain Theory.
11. Swadeshi.
12. All India Muslim League.

Turn over

13. Surat split.
14. Home Rule League.
15. Ghadar party.

(Ceiling 25 Marks)

Section B (Problem Type)

*Answer the questions in 100 words.
Each question carries 5 marks.*

16. Explain the significance of Battle of Plassey.
17. Write on the importance of Kurichiya Revolt.
18. Explain the 'Doctrine of Lapse'.
19. Assess the activities of Ramakrishna Mission.
20. Comment on the political ideology of the Moderates.
21. Examine the effects of Partition of Bengal.
22. Assess the role of Press in the growth of nationalism.
23. Bring out the importance of Lucknow pact.

(Ceiling 35 Marks)

Section C (Essay Type)

*Answer any **two** of the following questions.
Each questions carries 10 marks.*

24. Critically examine the nature of the Revolt of 1857.
25. Analyse the social background to the rise of Indian nationalism.
26. Explain the economic critique of colonialism as developed by Indian Nationalists.
27. Briefly explain the Minto- Morely reforms of 1909.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

D 103843-A

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History

HIS1(2)C01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)—I

(2019—2023 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes**Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS1(2)C01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)—I

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. Who founded the Brahmo Samaj ?
 - (A) Ram Mohan Roy.
 - (B) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee.
 - (C) Devendra Nath Tagore.
 - (D) None of the above.

2. Who was the Viceroy of India at the establishment of the Indian National Congress ?
 - (A) A.O Hume.
 - (B) Lord Canning.
 - (C) Lord Dufferin.
 - (D) Lord Dalhousie.

3. Lord Wellesley came to India as Governor General in _____ ?
 - (A) 1773.
 - (B) 1858.
 - (C) 1798.
 - (D) 1935.

4. 'India Wins Freedom' was written by _____.
 - (A) Bipan Chandra.
 - (B) Sumit Sarkar.
 - (C) Moulana Abul Kalam Azad.
 - (D) Harry Collins.

5. S N D P Yogam was founded in _____.
 - (A) 1905.
 - (B) 1903.
 - (C) 1888.
 - (D) 1893.

6. Which was the first news paper in India ?
 - (A) *Hicky's Bengal Gazette*.
 - (B) Rajya Samachar.
 - (C) Sambad Kaumudi.
 - (D) The Hindu.

7. Home Rule League in India was set up on the lines of _____ Home Rule Movement ?
 - (A) Irish.
 - (B) British.
 - (C) American.
 - (D) None of the above.

8. Where was the first session of Indian National Congress held in 1885 ?
- (A) Poona. (B) Calcutta.
(C) Bombay. (D) Agra.
9. Who was the first non-Indian president of Indian National Congress ?
- (A) George Yule. (B) Annie Besant.
(C) Lord Dufferin. (D) None of the above.
10. Who of the following was not among the chief architects of Swadeshi Movement ?
- (A) Arobindo Ghosh. (B) M.K .Gandhi.
(C) Bal Gangadhar Tilak. (D) Bipin Chandrapal.
11. Who set-up Swadesh Bandhab Samiti to propagate the Swadeshi Movement ?
- (A) Surendra Nath Banerjee. (B) Rabindranath Nath Tagore.
(C) G.K Gokhale. (D) Ashwini Kumar Dutt.
12. The Naujawan Bharat Sabha was founded by _____.
- (A) Bhagat Singh. (B) Kesab Chandra Sen.
(C) Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan. (D) None of the above
13. Mangal Pandey was executed on _____.
- (A) 18th April 1857. (B) 29th March 1857.
(C) 21st April 1857. (D) 8th April 1857.
14. Which among the following did not directly witness the revolt of 1857 ?
- (A) North India. (B) Central India.
(C) South India. (D) All the above.
15. The Communist Party of India was formed in _____ ?
- (A) 1939. (B) 1927.
(C) 1936. (D) 1920.

Turn over

16. The Mahalwari settlement was introduced chiefly in the province of _____.
- (A) Madras. (B) Delhi.
(C) Bengal. (D) Bombay.
17. Bhagat Singh was assassinated on _____.
- (A) 23rd March 1931. (B) 14th April 1909.
(C) 23rd March 1933. (D) None of the above.
18. _____ was Gandhiji's presidential nominee, whom Subhash Chandra Bose defeated at Tripuri session of Indian National Congress ?
- (A) Jawaharlal Nehru. (B) Pattabhi Sitaramayya.
(C) Madan Mohan Malavya. (D) None of the above.
19. British state took direct control of Indian administration through _____ ?
- (A) Regulating Act of 1773.
(B) Royal Proclamation of 1858.
(C) Government of India Act of 1909.
(D) Government of India Act of 1935.
20. Bhagat Singh is also known as _____.
- (A) Loka Manya. (B) Shaheed e Azam.
(C) Shaheed e Watan. (D) None of the above.