

D 103199

(Pages : 2)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

**FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
APRIL 2024**

Political Science

POL4B02—ISSUES IN INDIAN POLITICS

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A*Students can answer all questions in Section A.**Each question carries 2 marks.**Maximum Marks from the section A is 25.*

1. Pre-dominant Party System.
2. RSS.
3. BSP.
4. Regional Party.
5. Cultural Nationalism.
6. Religious Fundamentalism.
7. Aam Aadmi Party.
8. Coalition Politics.
9. Electoral politics.
10. Congress System.
11. Narmada Bachao Andolan.
12. Identity Politics.
13. Regionalism.

Turn over

14. POCSO Act.
15. Linguism.

(Ceiling : 25 marks)

Section B

*Students can answer **all** questions in section B.*

Each question carries 5 marks.

Maximum marks from the Section B is 35.

16. Assess the influence Caste as a factor in Indian politics.
17. Describe the reason for the emergence of Dalit Movement in India. What are their apprehensions ?
18. Assess the space of CPI (M) in Indian Politics.
19. Trace the reason for the growth of regional parties in India.
20. Critically examine the role of New Social Movements in articulating political consciousness in India.
21. Examine how ethnicity affected Indian Politics.
22. Give an account of the anti-corruption initiatives in India.
23. Examine the nature and significance of coalitional experiments at the national level since 1990s.

(Ceiling 35 marks)

Section C

*Answer any **two** of the following.*

Essay type questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Discuss the linkages between Caste and Class in Indian Politics.
25. Narrate the major challenges to Indian Democracy.
26. Elucidate the Ideology and Social base of Bharatiya Janatha Party.
27. Discuss the nature of Indian Secularism. Examine how religious fundamentalism become a threat our secular polity.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

D 103199-A

(Pages : 4)

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**FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
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Political Science

POL 4B 02—ISSUES IN INDIAN POLITICS

(2019 Admission onwards)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes**Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

POL 4B 02—ISSUES IN INDIAN POLITICS

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. Coalition governments continue to be :
 - (A) Stable.
 - (B) Undemocratic.
 - (C) Unstable.
 - (D) None of these.
2. The emergence of political parties has accompanied with :
 - (A) Grow of parliament as an institution.
 - (B) Diversification of political systems.
 - (C) Growth of modern electorate.
 - (D) All of the above.
3. Political parties are responsible for maintaining a continuous connection between :
 - (A) People and the government.
 - (B) President and the Prime Minister.
 - (C) People and the opposition.
 - (D) Both (A) and (C).
4. During which of the following years the Congress party has faced serious electoral reverses ?
 - (A) 1967.
 - (B) 1977.
 - (C) 1989.
 - (D) All of these.
5. What is the most appropriate meaning the term secularism in the Indian context ?
 - (A) Separation of religion from politics.
 - (B) Freedom of religion.
 - (C) There shall not be any religion of the state.
 - (D) Equality of all religions.
6. Which of the following are the important socio-economic factors of regional imbalance in India ?
 - (A) Capita income.
 - (B) Regional location of industries.
 - (C) Population below poverty line.
 - (D) All of the above.
7. The famous work 'Communalism in Modern India' is written by :
 - (A) Runki basu.
 - (B) Ashutosh Varshney.
 - (C) Bipan Chandra.
 - (D) None of the above.

8. 'Free India should be a non-communal secular state'. Who insisted that ?
- (A) Ambedkar. (B) Gandhi.
(C) Jayaprakash Narayan. (D) Nehru.
9. "A caste is a group of structural or potential kinsmen." Who said ?
- (A) FG Bailey. (B) M N Srinivas.
(C) Jawaharlal Nehru. (D) None of the above.
10. Caste in India is an endogamous kinship group known as :
- (A) Varna. (B) Religion.
(C) Slave. (D) Jati.
11. A political party is recognized as a regional party If :
- (A) It gets 4 percent votes in the state either in the Lok Sabha or the Assembly elections.
(B) It gets 5 percent votes in the state either in the Lok Sabha or the Assembly elections.
(C) It gets 6 percent votes in the state either in the Lok Sabha or the Assembly elections.
(D) It gets 7 percent votes in the state either in the Lok Sabha or the Assembly election.
12. Who said 'All communalism is harmful ? The logic of minority communalism is separatism, and majority communalism culminates in fascism ?
- (A) Bhikhu parekh. (B) T N Madan.
(C) Bipin Chandra. (D) Ashish Nandy.
13. Which Article- provides for the setting of a National Commission for Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes ?
- (A) Article 370. (B) Article 338.
(C) Article 332. (D) Article 335.
14. Caste bared reservations are labelled as :
- (A) State intervention. (B) Society Egalitarianism.
(C) State interruption. (D) Positive discrimination.

Turn over

15. _____ among the following can be considered as a link between the government and the people.
- (A) The judiciary. (B) Political party.
(C) Bureaucracy. (D) Democratic.
16. How many women members were recommended to be inducted in panchayats to carry on the specific programmers for women and children :
- (A) Two. (B) Three.
(C) Four. (D) Five.
17. 73rd Amendment Act is extremely important for political empowerment of :
- (A) Women. (B) Scheduled castes.
(C) Scheduled Tribes. (D) All of these.
18. Globalization is characterized by :
- a Social relations confined to nation state.
b Rapid changes on information and communicating technology.
c Inter dependence and inter mixture of processes of production and culture.
d A Global infrastructural communication network and financial institutions.
- (A) a and b. (B) a and c.
(C) a and d. (D) c and d.
19. In 1966 Shiv Sena was organised under the leadership of :
- (A) Bal Thackeray. (B) Ramaswamy.
(C) V.Venkatesan. (D) Om vedat.
20. The first non-congress prime minister of India ?
- (A) Lal Bahadur sastri. (B) V.P Singh.
(C) Deva Gowda. (D) Moraji Desai.